FOREMOST OBJECT OF LEADERS IN PROPOSED STRIKE.

t nton's Affairs Will Figure Largely in the seranton Convention-Final Word Determining Result of That Meeting Will Come From the Union Board.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 20 .- Delegates to the convention of the anthracite nine workers next week have all been elected, the last of them being chosen to-night The majority of them will go to the convention uninstructed except that they have been told to be guided w the advice of the district officials. It s expected that the officials from the Pottsville and Shamokin districts will be generally in favor of a strike provided is found impossible to secure any conessions from the operators, while the sentiment among the officials of the .iazleton, Wilkesbarre and Scranton districts is, as far as can be ascertained. opposed to a strike if it can possibly be woided.

What President Lewis's stand is will not be known until he arrives in this region. There is a well founded belief that he will advocate another conference with the operators, at which they will have a final opportunity to grant some concessions. If they still continue to refuse it then he may advise a strike but may decide to have the mine anthracite workers who are members of the union vote upon the question. Those who believe this base their belief on President Lewis's determination to secure recognition of the union in the anthracite region and to have adopted some plan by which the dues of the workers can be collected at the

Some of the mine workers' leaders say the public does not fully comprehend the many grievances the mine workers the strike commission's finding, if not the letter of it, have fixed the wages in such a manner that the men are unable to make any more money than they did before the commission was appointed. This is especially true, they caim, of the opening of new work where new rates are established over which the board of conciliation has not supervision and where rates are made even lower than those paid before 1902, with the mine workers having no redress

They also caim that the higher prices for coal which the operators were able made it profitable for them to work veins which it was unprofita le to work before and that the miner in these veins receives such a smal proportion of the increase through the medium of a slightly higher price per car that he is not properly com-rensated for the difficulty of the work and the effort to get out enough coal to make a fair day s wages.
It is also claimed that as a result of

m re than \$1.75 a day. As there is apparently no remedy for such conditions, the leaders say, there is naturally much discontent among the workers.

tions of the region regarding the situa-What is taken to be a semi-official

what is taken the leading officials of the utterance of the leading officials of the Mine Workers Union appears in the official organ of the union which was distributed to-day through ut this region. It bears a very plain spoken threat of a strike if the operators continue to maintain their present attitude to ward the workers. It declares matters look grave in the authracite region, and regret is expressed at the disappointment caused by the perat restat the conference in Philadelphia when they flatly turned d wn every proposition the mine workers' representatives made. The statement then says

anthracite mines can be operated. One ers and the compulsion of a living wage rate by the mine workers. This latter is probably the best in view of the spirit ex-It has cost thousands of dollars and years of struggle to compel that recognition the world over. It is without doubt the most costly to both covers. most costly to both operators and miners, but the attitude assumed by the capitalists, be they coal operators or others, has been such that labor has had to fight for every inch of the ground gained.

If the anthracite operators insist on assuming the intolerant attitude they did at the conference, then, much as it is to he regretted, there is only one course open he spirit they have displayed is a fair one. If that spirit is to be ignored and they are o continue to be treated with contempt there is only one course open, and that is part friends and go out and fight for

The mine workers' organ finds hope in March 31 there will be an amicable settlement, but it adds: "We will await patiently the result of the pending effort and anticipate with pleasure the news that an amicable settlement has been reached, and war, or strife, or the necesty for it. has been averted by conces-ions made by the anthracite operators." In addition to holding mass meetings strengthen the membership of the union President Lewis is appealing to the men by means of circulars which he is having distributed broadcast throughout the anthracite region. The circular says that every mine worker who remains of the organization invites trouble should assume the responsibility for his own foolishness, and that every mine worker who joins the organization within the next two weeks helps to prevent trouble

SCENTON, Pa., March 20.—The national executive board of the miners' union will say the final word in the matter of an agreement with the anthracite operators. The decision of the district convention will be put up to the board. which will decide the course. The board meets on Thursday, by which time the convention will have adjourned.

ZOTTI ASSETS DWINDLE. The Two Millions Nominal Ciphered

Down to #127,500 Actual. Afmeeting of creditors of Frank Zotti, a Creatian banker of 108 Greenwich street, was held yesterday before Nathaniel S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy in the United States District Court room in the Federal Building, and was attended by about 200

efuse to pay and he wants the trustee to son P. Lathrop secretary of the com-

ASSOCIATED HAT MEN WIN-Action of Firm in Making Peace With the

The officers of the Associated Hat Manufacturers were notified yesterday of the decision of Judge Colt of the United States Circuit Court in Boston in the case of the Lamson & Hubbard Company of Boston, members of the Associated Hat Manufacturers, who resigned from the organization after the strike of the hatters and made an agreement with the union.

The decision is on the application of a preliminary injunction to restrain the firm from using the union label on the ground that the firm, having voted in the affirmative at the meeting of the manufacturers at which it was decided bound by that action though it had reor- years from now. ganized since then as a corporation and resigned from the association.

Justice Colt denied the motion for a hearing for a permanent injunction but criticised the action of the defendants in leaving the association and ordered that the defendants enter into a bond for \$5,000 until the matter is finally disposed of. Judge Colt says:

"I think the reincorporation of the defendants at the time when it was done raises the suspicion that it was for the very purpose of evading resonsibility under this vote and agreement. I think it was unjustifiable, and I am not sat-isfied that the defendants should escape without some order against them. They should have stood by their fellow members and their action does not commend

itself to the Court. Leave was given to apply to the Court later to speed the case. Milton Dammann, counsel for the Associated Hat Manufacturers, said last evening that final action in this suit will be hastened.

The defence put in by the lawyers for the Lamson & Hubbard Company at the hearing was that the association was the many grievances the mine workers have. They say that in many instances the operators by evading the spirit of the strike commission's finding, if not the tew Lamson & Hubbard Company had no connection with the old company except that it succeeded to its business and that new capital and new stockholders were interested. The tained the contention of the lawyers for the association that the latter was a lawful body and that its order to dis-

"COPPER QUOTATIONS."

Row Expected in the So-Called New York Metal Exchange

Some of those members of the New to demand following the 1902 strike have York Metal Exchange who have retained membership simply to hold on to their interest in the association's real estate and who have long opposed the methods of quoting the so-called "copper prices," talk of reviving the agitation for a discontinuance of the quotations. The annual meeting takes place March 29. One of the conservative members

these and similar conditions many of of the exchange said yesterday that the the contract miners are not able to make movement would already be well under way but for the expectation that the Hughes commission on exchange practices would recommend an act forfeiting Arrangements are now being made for a conference of the district leaders in Scranton on Monday previous to the convention, at which time reports will be made of the strengthening of the union during the last two weeks and generally of the feeling of the men in various sections of the region regarding the sites. practices were reformed. Horace White, the chairman of the commission, said after an investigation of these practices that the exchange was "a myth." The commission found, as have others examining the subject, that the exchange dealt in no corner metal but entirely in so-called in no copper metal but entirely in so-called quotations for the metal and that those quotations ordinarily do not represent the prices at which actual sales of copper

are currently made.

With the recent reports of depression in the copper trade the low quotations for the metal made by the exchange's quotation committee have aroused the suspicion that the quotations are used by specuators to depress the price of the copper stocks on the various stock exchanges, the London Ironmonger, a responsible and generally accepted authority in the trade, recently declared that the quo-tations made by the committee are cabled to London in advance and are often known

is by recognition of the union and a joint tee are B. Hochshild of the American agreement mutually entered into by the interested parties, and the other that of thorough organization by the mine work-thorough organization by the mine work-thorough organization of a living wage as member of the firm of Hendricks a member of the first of the opposi-tion that members of the committee have frequently refused to sell copper have frequently refused to sell copper

HANDS OFF FUTURES.

Prof. Emery Tells Hughes Commission That Meddling Means Disaster.

Prof. Emery of the economics depart ment of Yale college told the Hughes Wall Street investigating commission yesterday that in his opinion any attempt to do away with short selling of stocks or dealing in futures in grain would inevitably work disaster. This, it appears, according to Horace White, the chairman in of the commission, was his deduction from a study of the course of financial legislation in Germany since 1886. In the fact that the negotiations have not that year a law was passed prohibiting J. M. Husted, Isaac W. Seame vet been broken off and hopes that before dealing in grain futures or short selling George D. Howell of Uniontown. that year a law was passed prohibiting J. of the securities of any corporation capi-

of the securities of any corporation capi-talized at less than 20,000,000 marks.

Prof. Emery said that the law resulted in such hardship to the business com-munity that Government investigators recommended its repeal. At present only dealing in grain futures is prohibited in Germany. This feature of the original in Germany. This feature of the original act was saved by the agrarian party, representing the landholding class, which resenting the landholding class, which thought that unless the practice was stopped the price of foodstuffs would be unduly depressed.

According to Prof. Emery, however, this is a wrong assumption. The com-

this is a wrong assumption. The comittee will meet again next Tuesday

Cotton ('rop of 1908 is 13,408,841 Bales. WASHINGTON, March 20 .- The Census

Bureau this morning issued the following: "Census cotton report shows crop of 1908 to be 13,408,841 bales including lint@s. compared with 11, 325,882 for 1907 and 13,305,265 for 1906. Linters included, 344,970 bales for 1908, 268,060 for 1907 and 322,064 for 1906. The average gross weight of tale for 1908 is 505.8 pounds, and expressed in 500 pound bales this crop is 13,563,942 Quantity of cotton estimated by ginners and delinters as remaining to be ginned and included in the report for 1908 is 93,085 bales. Number of ginneries operated this season is 27,587."

Got the Presidency but Not the Stock. Deputy Sheriff Porges has received

an attachment for \$193,150 against Francis . Clergue of Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario. creditors. There are about 9,000 creditors in all, scattered all over the world. About 2,000 claims have been filed by lawyers.

The schedules filed some time ago showed liabilities \$686,000 and nominal assets \$2,083,871. Mr. Zotti was examined yesterday by James N. Rosenberg as to the actual value of the assets, and when the examination was completed the in favor of Charles D. Warren, which was

when the examination was completed the actual assets at about \$127,500, subject to considerable reduction for collection. Mr. Zotti explained that the biggest loss he sustained Company, with principal offices in New York city, to-day certified to the Secretary of State that it has increased its business was the wreck of the steamip Brooklyn, which represented a loss
\$369,000. He says that steamship
capital stock from \$4,000,000 to \$5,000,000,
population of the steam of the ste

BUSINESS FORESTRY SCHOOL

COLUMBIA PLANS A NEW USE-FULNESS FOR ITS COURSE.

Department to Begin Work in the Fall and Train Men for Such Industries as the Lumber and Wood Pulp Mills-To Use the Palisades Park for Experiment.

It is now practically assured that a course in forestry will be established at pany without the intervention of the Columbia at the opening of the new academic year in September. It is over the Washington Life, and also is planned to have the course on lines enthe Associated Hat Manufacturers for academic year in September. It is

but it is not expected that there will be to discontinue the union label, was still any additions to the faculty until two years from now.

The advisability of adding the forestry course to the Columbia curriculum was first taken under consideration about a sensitive relation that the columbia curriculum was superintendent Hotokkiss, and Chief first taken under consideration about a sensitive relation to the sensitive relation relatio

preliminary injunction pending the final year ago. Since then experts in practical forestry have been called into consultation by the faculties immediately concerned. They have advised and cooperated with the Columbia authorities and many of their suggestions have been incorporated into the new curriculum. James . Whipple, State Forest, Fish and Game Commissioner, has been particularly active in arranging for the course, and he has also agreed to place at the disposal of the Columbia students the various

forest preserves of the State. It is the idea of the organizers of the new school that it be the training place for forestry engineers who shall enter into employment of such commercial concerns as lumber and paper pulp com panies rather than into the employment of the Government

It is the purpose of the Columbia authorities to have the course extend over four years. Unlike some of the other schools, no previous college training will be required. The entrance requirements will be the same as those of the other en-gineering schools of the university. Dur-ing the first year of the course all students ing the first year of the course all students will take the general first year engineering course. The work of the second year will follow out in a general way the work of sophomores in civil engineering, with sophomores in civil engineering, with specia, attention to botany. The ast two years will be taken up with practical forestry, and at the end of four years the degree of forestry engineer will be given. During the three summers work will be done at Camp Columbia, in Connecticut, and a so in the State forest preserves. and a.so in the State forest preserves The work of the last two summers will probably be done in the Adirondacks under state experts, and it is probable that the students will receive remuneration the same as the beginners in the State service during the time they spend on the pre-

One of the most important factors in leading to the organization of the school at the present time is the fact that it will be possible to use the Palisade interstate park. This is a tract of fourteen miles along the Hudson, and the facilities are said to be well adapted to practical forestry work. Much of the last two years of instruction will be given there. The park is within easy reach of the university and affords a practical laboratory for forestry work. It is probable that accommodations will be provided in the park so that it will be possible for the students in the last two years of the course to stay there for several weeks at a time. As the plans does not call for the beginning of the actual practical work in the course until the third year it is not likely that additions will have to be made to leading to the organization of the school

that additions will have to be made to that additions will have to be made to the faculty until the beginning of 1911. For the present, what new courses may be established will be looked after by members of the engineering faculties. It is said that the number of applications received already for admission to the new ourse point to its immediate success

TENNESSEE COAL AND IRON. Report That the Plant at Ensley May Close on April 1 Not Confirmed Here.

A news agency despatch yesterday said that unless business gets better by April 1 the works of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company at Ensley, Ala., would shut down indefinitely. Offithere a full day before they are officially cials of the United States Steel Corporathere a full day before they are officially promulgated here.

There are but two ways in which the promulgated here.

The members of the quotation committees the promulgated here.

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\$6,000,000 Deal in Coal Lands.

PITTSBURG, March 20.-The Isabelle Connellsville Coke Company, incorporated by George D. Howell, William J. Sturgiss and M. A. Allen of Uniontown, Pa., and Stewart Reid and H. G. Young of Charleston, W. Va., has taken over more than 3,000 acres of coal land in the lower Connellsville field near Tower Hill, paying \$2,000 an acre. The same company owns considerable coal land in West Virginia.

It is proposed to issue \$1,250,000 in bonds or the purpose of building a coking for the purpose of building a coking plant on the new purchase. Those who sold the acreage were J. V. Thompson, J. M. Husted, Isaac W. Seamons and

Receiver for Chicago "Chronicle."

CHICAGO, March 20 -The Chicago Chronicle Company was placed in the hands of a receiver by Judge Honore today on complaint of John R. Walsh. W. I. Dickinson, assistant treasurer of the company, was made receiver in bonds of \$20,000. Judgments for over \$1,000,000 had been entered by Judge Gibbons in favor of Walsh, A. W. Green and John S. Cooper

Mauretania Speeding East.

The Cunarder Mauretania, with gales astern, may eclipse her record to the eastward by several hours if she keeps up the average she had maintained up to noon on Friday, when she was two days out from Sandy Hook. Word came from her under date of noon on Friday, when she get into wireless touch with the French liner Chicago and requested the latter to relay the message to Halifax. It got here yesterday and said that the Mauretania had opvered the latter to relay the message to Halifax. said that the Mauretania had covered 1,194 miles at an average of 25.65 kncts. She broke her own best eastward day's run by reeling off 609 miles in the day of about twenty-three hours ending at noon on Friday. This is an hourly average of 26.47 knots. Her best previous day's run going east was 605 miles.

Bryan Scores All the Democrats Who Helped Cannon.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 20 .- In a late speech at the Bryan birthday banquet, which lasted until early to-day, W. J. Bryan rebuked the twenty-three Democrats in Congress who aided the Cannon forces in the rules fight. "They could not say they did not know," said Mr. Bryan, "for any man who did not know that Joe Cannon is the agent of plutooners ought to be sent to an assum in-

tenced to twenty-five years imprisonment by a jury at Wetumpka to-day. Allen said he mistook his wife for a burglar, but bad feeling and a desire to get rid of her were

INSURANCE MEN PROTEST. DEMAND FOR GOLD UNSATED Oppose the Seizure Clause in the Bill

Favored by Gov. Hughes. the big life and fire insurance companies conferred with State Superintendent of Insurance Hotohkiss to-day in an en-deav or to have eliminated the drastic provisions of search and seizure contained in the bill favored by Gov. Hughes and Superintendent Hotchkiss giving the Su-Superintendent Hotchkiss giving the Superintendent power to take possession of the assets of a life or are insurance com-

courts.

The bill is the result of the recent troubles tirely different from those of the Yale or ceiverships of insurance companies. Those who conferred with Superintendent Hotchkiss were James H. McIntosh and be put into effect during the coming year, former Senator William J. Tully, representing the life insurance companies Senator William J. Grattan, chairman of the and fire bureaus of the State Insurance Department

The conference was in session prac tically all the afternoon, but its work not being completed adjourned until to-morrow when it is thought a substan-tial agreement will be reached on a substitute bill, including the important features of the original bill, with such modifications as will meet constitutions objections and obviate features which, it is claimed, would vest the Superintendent of Insurance with too arbitrary

LIGHT AND POWER CO.'S PLANS

plant and transmission line at Salmon River Falls. The company also asks consent to issue \$2,500,000 in bonds. The reservoir to be formed from the construc-tion of the dam at the falls will extend easterly to Redfield, covering over 7,000

acres.

The company's incorporation author ises it to operate in the counties of Oswego, Onondaga. Monroe, Oneida, Cayuga. Seneca. Wayne and Jefferson. At Salmon River Falls there is a direct fall of over 1,110 feet. The river then flows with heavy grade through a deep narrow gorge grade through a deep narrow gorge, emerging two miles below The company's engineers estimate that 15,000 horse-power can be developed at an expenditure of \$3,100,000 and that the plant when completed will be a \$4,000,000 property, capable of earning at least 6 per cent. on such valuation. As Syracuse is only thirty-five miles from the falls it is expected that the power developed will be utilized to operate interurban trolley lines leading out of that city, as well as for light, heat and power purposes. Watertown, Oswego, Rome and Oneida would also be supplied with power.

THE GRAIN MARKETS.

Wheat Lower-Large World's Shipments -Lower Cables-Favorable Weather -Corn Off-Cash Demand Disappointing.

Wheatfell. Big world shipments, a decline in Liverpool, favorable weather at the West and European and American selling told. Buying by Logan and Bartlett, Patten & Coagainst "downs," checked the decline. Updike, Knight & McDougal and Partridge soid. R. W. Kinyon wired Finley Barrell & Co. from Worthington, Ind.: "Wheat in this vicinity is small, but it is all growing finely and has a good stand." Le Courtwired from Augusta, Kas.: "Weather cool. Wheat looking fine. All wheat needs is warm weather." Kansas City: Wheat stocks decreased 206,000 so far this week. Clement-Curtis send out followins: "Our reports from the Southwest are showing some improvement in the growing plant." Liverpool declined 11 to 120,000 for the week and 40,000 for one day An increase in the American visible supply, however, is looked for on Monday Wheat stocks in most countries, however, are considered small. The crowd are hammering July at 12c under May They think the crop movement too big for the size of the trade. They were also encouraged by rains in the Southwest Wheat fell. Big world shipments, a decline

THE CORN SITUATION. houses sold Liverpool was a fair, however was predicted for over Sunday. Armour bought May, causing a triding rally. Remarked one house in reviewing the week; "Deliverles were not large and nost of the selling is on the theory that corn is too high Compared with other grains we think it is not too high and expect a continued active demand for several months, and we are of the opinion that it is safe to buy on the breaks, a least until something is known regarding the acreage and the conditions of the new crop." Hurlburt, warren & Co sold.

THE OATS PEATURES.

Prices receded a little. Traders sold ou the weakness in other grain. Elevator people also sold wagner bought May and July. Said one firm: "Stocks of oats are small and well held. The fight keeps up between the consumer and holder, but the small available supplies n ake it easy to rush prices on the contract board when any short interest creeps into the near positions. We think well of selling the September option on a scale from around 42" THE SPOT MARKETS.

Wheat dull and nominal. No. 2 red, contract, 1.23%c. Corn closed quiet at 75c. for No. 2 in elevator Sales include 10,000 bushes steamer and No. 3 at 72%c. elevator export: 120,000 bushes steamer, 72%c. elevator, export basis. Oats quiet and unchanged.
Futures here were as follows: Open- High- Low- Clos-ing. est. est. ing. .11914 11936 11914 11914 .11134 11135 11114 11136 NORTHWEST RECEIPTS. 265 Totals338 408 351 CHICAGO CAR LOTS. Wheat. WORLD'S WHEAT EXPORTS. *American, bush. 1,884,000 2,390,000 Argentine, bush. 6,224,000 5,152,000 Russis, bush. 1,504,000 1,752,000 Danublan, bush. 144,000 Australian, bush. 2,600,000 1,320,000 Other countries. 88,000 168,000 Total bu. (Europe) ... 12,424,000 10. Bradstreet's American figures. 10,850,000 9,811,000 The movement was as follows:

.... . 83,000 335,000 229,000 2,000 89,000 . 56,000 301,000 284,000 2,000 35,090 UMICAGO, March 20. - Prices were as follows: Open- IIIgh- Low-Closing. est. est. ing.
11574-34 11534 11534 11534
11634-34 1033 1024 108
977-2-34 9774 9714 9734
9898-32 9892 9774 9734 6514 6574 6514 6574 Prince George.

....May ... 10214 10314 162 102 10294 Toledo Mar. . . 53214 535 53214 535 535 Corn:
Kan. City. May... 62% 62% 62 62% 63
St. Louis. ... May... 64% 64/3 64/3 64/3 64/3 65

ALBANY, March 20.—Representatives of WITH \$10,500,000 TAKEN FOR LONDON EXCHANGE STAYS UP.

> \$2.800.000 Engaged Yesterday-Bank Here Indifferent-London Is Short of Gold and Appears to Have Decided to Fill Up From the Stores in America. Notwithstanding announced engage-

> nents of \$2,800,000 additional gold coin for shipment to London next Tuesday the sterling exchange market held firm yesterday to its opening figure of 4.8825@ 1.8830 for demand. This price is 5 points up from Friday's close and shows a net advance of 15 points over the previous week's closing. Yesterday's engagements were made by the Guaranty Trust Company, which took \$2,500,000, and by the New York Produce Exchange Bank. whose additional exportation will be \$300 .-000. The shipments are being made in gold coin, owing to the willingness which the Bank of England for some unexplained reason has lately shown to explained reason has lately shown to pay a penny over the usual price for American eagles. The total engagements for London since the present movement began have now reached \$10,500,000. The plethora of money in this centre, together with low interest rates, renders benefit antique indifferent to the exclusi-

banks entirely indifferent to the exodus of gold. Europe, and especially Lon-don, where the money market remains relatively high, is on the other hand doing its best to add to its accumulation of the Asks Permission to Increase Capital
Steck and Issue \$2,500,000 in Bonds.

ALBANY, March 20. -The Oswego County
Light and Power Company to-day petitioned the up-State Public Service Commission for authority to increase its capital steck of \$1,000,000 to \$1,100,000.

The company proposes to issue the stock at this time for the development of a plant and transmission line at Salmon metal. In London the joint stock banks

ENGINEERS AND CONSERVATION. Big Meeting Planned to Discuss the Prob lems They Meet With.

More than 1,000 engineers are expected to attend a conference in the interest of the conservation of the country's natural resources to be held in the Engineering Societies Building, at 29 West Thirty-ninth street, on next Wednesday evening. The meeting will be open to the public.

Four national engineering societies.

having a membership of 20,000, have undertaken to aid the conservation movement. They believe that adapting the forces of nature to the use of man is engineering and that the problem of conserving these forces is up to the engineer. That is the problem to be discussed at the coming meeting, which has been arranged jointly by the National Conservation committee of each of the four societies.

John R. Freeman, consulting engineer f the Board of Water Supply of the city of the Board of Water Supply of the city of New York, is to speak on the conservation of water; Dr. R. W. Raymond, secretary of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, on necessary legislation; Charles Whiting Baker, editor of the Facineering Nets. the Engineering News, on waste from fire, and Lewis B. Stillwell, a consulting electrical engineer, on electricity as the

Rev. Dr. Squier Coming to Brooklyn From information received yesterday from the Rev. Dr. Albert L. Squier of Fitchburg, Mass., it is understood that he will accept the recent call he received to the pastorate of the Summerfield M. E. Church in Brooklyn.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAG THIS DAT. Sun rises.... 5 59 | Sun sets... .. 6:08 | Moon sets.. . 6:08 EIGH WATER THIS DAY.

Arrived-SATURDAT, March 20. Arrived.—Savurdat, March 30.
U. S. cruiser Dixie, Hampton Roads, March 19.
Sa Campanio, Liverpool, March 18.
Sa Hamburg, Genoa, March 6.
Sa Louisiane Havre March 6.
Sa Louisiane Havre March 6.
Sa Greiz Izel, Dunkirk, March 5.
Sa Sreiz Izel, Dunkirk, March 5.
Sa Merida, Vera Cruz, March 11.
Sa Northown, Matanzas, March 15.
Sa El Doradio, New Orteans, March 17.
Sa Jamestown, Norfolk, March 17.
Sa Jamestown, Norfolk, March 17.
Sa Ogecchee, Brunswick, March 17.

Ss Hamilton, Norfolk, March 19. Ss Hawailan, Philadelphia, March 19.

ARRIVED OUT. Ss Prinzess Irene, at Genoa from New York. Ss Philadelphia, at Southampton from New Ss La Bretagne, at Havre from New York.

SAILED FROM PORRIGH PORTS. SALLED FROM FOREIGN PORTS.

Lusitanis, from Liverpool for New York,

La Touraine, from Havre for New York,

Amerika, from Hamburg for New York,

St. Louis, from Southampton for New York,

Caledonia, from Glasgow for New York,

Potsdam, from Hotterdam for New York,

Potsdam, from Bermuda for New York,

Trinidad, from Bermuda for New York,

Prince George, from Bermuda for New York, OUTGOING STEAMSHIPS.

Sail To-morrow.

Mads
Closs Panama, Cristobal.
Saramacca, Surinam.
Lituania, Rotterdam.
Hamilton, Norfolk. 100 P M Sail Tuesday, March 23. Sail Tuesday, March 23.
Kronpr. Cecilie, Bremen. 6 30 A M
Finland, Azores. 900 A M
Maranhense, Para. 12 00 M
Ryndam. Rotterdam
Hamburg, Naples
Europa, Genoa
City of Columbus, Savan'h
Mohawk, Jacksonville.
Princess Anne. Norfolk. Korona, Barbados.
Martha Washington, Naples
Lampasas, Tampa.
Comanche Jacksonville...
Comal, Galveston
Jefferson, Norfolk......

INCOMING STRAMSHIPS. Due To-day.

Copenhages.

Palerme.

Hamburg.

Galveston. Louisana . Prinz Friedrich Wilhet Segurance Prins P Hendrik... Caracas. Advance.... Admiral Schley. Clenfuegos..... Lampasas.... Antilles.... El Sud.....

By Marcont Wireless.

Ss. La savoie, for New York, was 100 miles east of Nantucket at 2:15 P. M. yesterday.

Ss. New York, for New York, was 730 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7. A. M.

Ss. Chicaro, for New York, was 150 miles south.

Ss. Chicaro, for New York, was 150 miles south.

Ss. Chicaro, for New York, was 150 miles south.

Ss. Mianeapolis, for New York, was 734 miles sast of Sahdy Hook at 3:15 P. M.

Ss. Prins Friedrich Wilhelm, for New York, was 500 miles southeast of Sable Island at 7:23 P. M.

Ss. Ba tic, for New York, was 103 miles east of Nantucket at 11 P. M.

September 1, 6,856,199, against 6,165,644 last year.

Middling, 5,03d. Sales, 5,0°0 bales, including 16,000 American. Futures advanced 3 to 3½ points Quotations were as follows:

4,000 American. Futures advanced 3 to 3½ points Quotations were as follows:

8 March-April. 4.84 4.90½ 5.35½

20 miles southeast of Sable Island at 7:23 P. M.

Ss. Ba tic, for New York, was 103 miles east of Nantucket at 11 P. M.

Camoens

READJUSTMENT AND UNION OF MEXICAN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO., LIMITED. NATIONAL RAILHOAD COMPANY OF MEXICO.

To the Holders of Certificates of Deposit of Central Trust Company of New York, representing Scurvities of Mexican Central Rallway Com-pany, Limited:

tered mail, whether they desire is mauren, and a so, at what amount.

The transfer books for the above-mentioned Certificates of Deposit will remain open until April 15, 1909, to allow of transfers of such Certificates. Notice is hereby given that no additional deposits of securities of Mexican Central Railway Company, Limised, will be received under the above-mentioned Plan after April 1, 1909.

To the Heiders of Interim Certificates of Central Trust Company of New York, for Prior Lien Four and One-Baif Per Cent. Fitty-Year Sinking Fund Reedeemable Gold Bonds, and the Interim Certificates of The New York Trust Company, for Guaranteed General Mortgage Four Per Cent. Seventy-Year Sinking Fund Redeemable Gold Bonds of Ferrocarriles Nacionales de Mexico.

Notice is hereby given that on and after April 1, 1909, engraved bonds will be delivered at the offices of the Central Trust Company of New York and The New York Trust Company, yoon surrender of the Interim Certificates properly endorsed.

Dated New York Trust Company, yoon surrender of the Interim Certificates properly endorsed.

Kuhn, Lock & Co.. Speyer & Co.,

Ladenburg, Theimann & Co., Hallcarten & Co., Speyer Brothers. Eank fur Handal und Industrie. Bartiner Handelsgesellschaft. Readjustment Managers. M. V. R. WEVANT, Secretary 25 Broad Street, New York

NEW ANTI-PICKET RULING.

Machinists and Blacksmiths Unions Restrained in Manitoba-Damages Allowed. WINNIPEG. March 20 .- Justice Mathers nanded down to-day his decision in the case of the Vulcan Iron Works Company against Winnipeg Lodge No. 122 and Fort Garry Lodge No. 189, International Association of Machinists, and others. The case grew out of a strike and was for

\$50,000 damages and permanent injunction. It has been two years in the courts.

The judgment coincides with the award The judgment coincides with the award of the Court of Appeals in the case of the Plumbers Union given a few days ago. It grants a perpetual injunction against picketing the premises of the company and allows damages for loss sustained through the strike. The injunction is made perpetual against Fort Garry Lodge No. 189, International Association of Machin-ists, Iron Molders Union of North America No. 174 and the International Brother-hood of Blacksmiths and Helpers.

The case will be appealed and carried ultimately to the Privy Council along with the case of the Plumbers Union.

Ginning Report 13,408,841 Bales, In-

For North Carolina and South Carolina, rain o-day; to-morrow fair; increasing east to south

day: fair to-morrow; moderate to brisk westeris For Mississippi and Louisians, fair and colder to-day; to-morrow fair; fight variable winds. For Eastern Texas, fair to-day and towarmer in northern portion to-day: light vari-

For western Texas, fair to-day and to-morrow For Arkansas, fair to-day and to-morrow colder in southern and warmer in northern portion to-day.

For Tennessee and Kentucky, rain and cooler to-day; to-morrow fair and warmer. The ginners' report gave the total ginned

up to March 13 at 13,408,841 bales, including 344,970 bales of linters. This showed less merchantable cotton than some had been pecting. Heavy rains in Mississippi, Alabama and Georgia helped to advance prices a ittle for a moment, especially as Liverpool was firmer than expected. Vicksburg. Miss., had 1.78 inches of rain: Montgomery, Ala., 1.18, and Atlanta, 1.14. There will probably be renewed complaints of the necessity of replanting. Though this is apt to occur every season such complaints may have some effect. Later in the trading yesterday, however, there was enough selling by spot and other houses to give prices a sytback at about 10 points from

selling by spot and other houses to give prices a syback at about 10 points from the best quotations of the morning. Some think the ginning report indicates a crop of about 13,600,000 bales when rebaled samples are added. Liverpool buying orders had a sustaining influence early. Some of the local commission houses with builtsh views tried to stem the tide, but selling from wall Street, the South and spot sources proved too heavy. Some regarded the ginning report as on the whole a distinctly bearish document.

Some opinions—Henry Clews & Co.:

"Prices are not high, and the present rate of consumption is large enough to require adother large crop, while the season in the Southwest so far is not of the best. William Ray & Co.: "We are approaching the planting season with every probability that advantage will be taken of every little setback to forecast a crop failure, but it takes many months to make a crop." Shearson, Hammill & Co.: "Without the incentive of endangered crop prospects for market support current prices will be difficult to sustain." Hayden, Stone & Co.: "With the certainty of a crop of this size (13,600,000) and spinners well supplied for nearby wants dragging markets may be expected until something definite as to the new crop is obtainable."

Buyers—Ray (3,000 January), Wilson, Craig, Mitchell, Mohr. Sellers—T. Gwath-

9 00 A M
10 00 A M
11 00 A M
3 00 P M
12 00 M
13 00 P M
12 00 M
13 00 P M
13 00 P M
14 15 00 M
15 00 M
15 00 M
16 15 00 M
17 16 M
18 16 M
18 17 M
18 18 M
18 1

Futures in New Orleans were as follows: Cotton on the spot declined 5 points.
Middling, 9.85c. The Southern spot markets
were unchanged. Middling; Galveston,
9%c; New Orleans, 9%c; Savannah, 93-16c.
and Memphis, 9%c. Sales; Galveston, 300;
New Orleans, 1,560; Bavannah, 636, and
Memphis, 850 bales.
The movement was as follows:

To-day, Last week. 1906.

Houston Discontinued 2,959 3 14;

Galveston... 4,000-5,800 4,299 3,708

New Orleans... 8,500-4,500 4,287 3,648

The port experts were 10,117 baies; since September 1, 6,856,199, against 6,165,644 last

READJUSTMENT AND UNION OF MEXICAN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO., LIMITED. NATIONAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF MEXICO.

To the Holders of Certificates of Deposit of The Mercantile Trust Company, Representing Second Preferred. Deferred and Common Slook of National Railroad Company of Mexico. Certificates for Second Preferred Shafes (carrying Coupon No. 1 and upwards attached) and Common Shares of Ferrocarriles Nacionales de Mexico. (National Railways of Mexico) in engraved form, will be ready for delivery at The Mercantile Trust Company, 120 Broadway, New York, on and after the first day of April, 1909, upon surrender of the certificates of deposit properly endorsed. The Trust Company will be prepared to receive 150 schedules on each business day on and after said date. Holders of Certificates of Deposit transmitting such certificates by mail, or by express, should indicate whether they desire the new stock returned to them by registered mail or by express. Securities of Mezican Central Railway Company. Limited:

The Prior Lien Four and One-half Per Cent.
Fifty-Year Sinking Fund Reedeemable Gold Bonds carrying coupon due July 1, 1909. and all subsequent coupons attached, and Guaranteed General Mortgage Four Per Cent. Seventy-Year Sinking Fund Redeemable Gold Bonds (carrying coupon due July 1, 1909. and all subsequent coupons attached) and Company of Mexico (National Railways of Mexico) in engraved form, Fund Redeemable Gold bonds (carrying coupon due April 1, 1909. and all subsequent coupons attached) and Certificates for Second Preferred (National Railways of Mexico) in engraved form, the best of the first day of April 1909, upon surrender of the cartificates for Second Preferred (National Railways of Mexico) in engraved form, will be ready for delivery at Central Trust Company of Mexico (National Railways of Mexico) (National Railways of Mexico) in engraved form, will be ready for delivery at Central Trust Company of Mexico (National Railways of Mexico) (National Railways of Mexico) in engraved form, will be ready for delivery at Central Trust Company of Mexico (National Railways of Mexico) (National Railways of Mexico) in engraved form, will be ready for delivery at Central Trust Company of Mexico (National Railways of Mexico) (National Railways of Mexico) in engraved form, (National Railways of Mexico

after April 1, 1909. Dated New York, March 20, 1909. Kuhn, Loch & Co., Ladenburg, Thaimann & Co., Hallgarten & Co., Speyer Brothers, Bank für Handel und Industrie Berliner Handelagesellschaft, Readjustment Managers. M. V. R. WEYANT, Secretary. 25 Broad Street New York.

SINKING FULCO NOTICE.

NEW YORK BISCUIT COMPANY
First Mortgage 6% Gold Beeds.
The Central Trust Company of New York.
Trustee, gives notice that in accordance with a certain indenture made by the above Company dated March 1st, 1891, it will receive sealed proposals to sell the above described bonds at a raise not to exceed 103 and accrued microsi, the total offer not to consume more than the simound of one hundred and fourteen thousand five hundred and thirty-five 41-100 dollars (\$114.58.41). The sealed proposals will be opened at the eggs of the Central Trust Company of New York. Its at welve o'clock noon as the state of the contral Trust Company of New York.

Re J N WAILACP President.

REMOVAL . OTICE The Chesapeak . & Ohio Railway Co.

71 Broadway, New York, March 18, 1909.
On and after April 1, 1909, the transfer of steek and registry of bonds of the Chesapeake and Ordo Railway Company and its affiliated companies will be made at the New York office of the company, room 1318, No. 71 Broadway, New York.

JAS. STEUART MACKIE, Secretary.

ELECTIONS AND A ELTINGS. NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF THE

The Equitable Trust Company of New York 18 NASSAU STREET. NEW YORK.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE EQUITABLE
TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK:
The Board of Trustees of The Equitable Trust
Company of New York and the Board of Directors
of the Bowling Green Trust Company, Asying of New York, which agreement will these be submitted to said stockholders for their consideration.

THE COTTON MARKET.

THE CO

DIVIDEND AND INTEREST.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY.

New York, March 1sta. 1809.
The Beard of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable to Stockholders of record on March Sist, 1809.
Transfer books will close at 12 M. March 1781.
1909. and will reopen at 10 A. M. April 181. 1909.
L. W. WIGGIN, Secretary.

IN ERNATIONAL SALT CO. The Coupons on Honds of International Sail Company, due April 1st, 1909, will be paid at the office of Guaranty Trust Company of New York William I BARVARD Tressurer.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Coal Lands For Sale.

THE OWNERS OF TWO LARGE TRACTS OF coal offer them for sale at bargain prices or will entertain a proposition with those who can furnish can tall to device the agree of the coal furnish can tall to device the agree of the coal furnish can tall to device the agree of the coal furnish can tall to device the agree of the coal furnish can tall to device the agree of the coal furnish can be compared to the coal furnish the coal nish capital to develop the same on an attractive basis. One contains 5,300 acres, five fost seam best domestic coal. Engineers' estimate 50,000,00 tons. The other contains 10,000 acres of coal and timber, seams aggregate 35 feet, engineers' esti-mate 320,000,000 tons. Two transcontinental rati-roads cross the property. Address C. B. HEN-DERSON, Murray Hill Hotel, New York.

A .- I know of a change that will cause certain ninety days; will give additional security to partners with good reputation furnishing five to fifty thousand dollars; you handle the money. Address J. C., box 105 Sun office,

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS OR PROP'SALS will be re-ceived by the Board of Water Supply in the office of the Board. 290 Broadway New York, Room 5ts, ninth floor, until 11 A. M. on March 23, 1903, for the construction of about 2½ miles of picia dog-crete squeduct, known as cut-and-cover aque-duct. 17 leet high, by 17½ feet wide inside, between New fiturey and a point about 2 miles cast of

Commissioners of the Beard of Water Supply
J. WALDO SMITH. Chief Engineer
THOMAS HASSETT. Secretary ACCUSES BROTHER OF FRAUD.

Mrs. Kentish Says She Parted With As. 000 Interest in Property for 8500. Mrs. Bella Barnes Kentish, who lives in Westchester county, has begun an action in the Supreme Court against her brother, William Johnson, in which she accuses him of inducing her by fraud and misrepresentation to give him a

deed to her half interest in a piece of property on Br adway near 219th street, which she inherited from their father, Edmund C. Johnson, who owned a large provision market on White Plains road. Mrs. Kentish says that she and her brother each inherited a half share of 9.28 brother each innerned a mad when also 9.37 their father's property, and when also oints. came of age in 1905 she entered into full the share. A few days possession of her share. A few days after she attained her majority, she says, her brother, who was administrator of the father's estate, deceived her into the Memphis, 850 bales.

The movement was as follows:

Testerday.

Testerday.

Last week.

Testerday.

Testerday.

Testerday.

Last week.

Testerday.

**Testerday

Missing Brooklyn Tax Official Suspended President Purdy of the Department of Taxes and Assessments ordered yesterday the suspension from office Deputy Tax Commissioner Joseph Van Winkle of the Brooklyn bureau, who has been missing since February 22. Van Winkle may not lose his \$1,400 job Liverpool is due to come 8 to 7 down if he returns soon and can give a satisfactory explanation of his absence.

interest in the property.